


ADULT VARIABLE RATE INSULIN INFUSION (VRII) ADMINISTRATION CHART

 <p>Bwrdd Iechyd Prifysgol Bae Abertawe Swansea Bay University Health Board</p> <p>HOSPITAL: _____</p> <p>WARD: _____</p> <p>CONSULTANT: _____</p>	HOSPITAL NO: _____ SURNAME: _____ FIRST NAMES: _____ ADDRESS: _____ DATE OF BIRTH: _____	
	Weight: _____ Kg Estimated <input type="checkbox"/>	
	ADDRESSOGRAPH	

- This chart is ONLY for prescribing **VARIABLE RATE INTRAVENOUS INSULIN (VRII)**
- This chart is NOT to be used in patients with DKA or HHS or patients who are able to eat and drink adequately
- **All patients requiring VRII for more than 24 hours must be referred to diabetes team**



- **VRII** can be used in patients with type 1 and type 2 diabetes to achieve normoglycaemia in circumstances when the usual treatment with SC insulin is not possible: patients who are nil by mouth, vomiting or have uncontrolled hyperglycaemia.
- Aim to achieve a **capillary blood glucose (CBG) targets of 6.0 – 12.0 mmol/L**
- If patient takes subcutaneous long acting insulin [isophane (Insulatard®), glargine (Lantus®, Toujeo®, Abasaglar®), detemir (Levemir®) or degludec (Tresiba®, Xultophy®)], continue at the usual dose & time.

VARIABLE RATE INSULIN INFUSION (VRII) INITIATING AND MAINTENANCE GUIDANCE

- Use **Standard VRII Scale** (from table below) as first choice in most patients to start VRII as per initial CBG level.
- Titrate VRII up or down the **Standard VRII Scale** as per hourly CBG level.
- Monitor hourly CBG to achieve target range of 6.0-12.0 mmol/L.
- If CBG above target range but still falling, continue VRII infusion at appropriate rate for CBG level on **Standard VRII Scale**.
- If CBG above target range but not falling for 6 hours despite maximum up-titration of insulin infusion rates on **Standard VRII Scale**, then move to **Increased VRII Scale** for insulin resistant patients.
- If CBG < 6 mmol/L for two consecutive hours, move to the **Reduced VRII Scale** for insulin sensitive patients.
- If target CBG not achievable on any of the three pre-set VRII scales, then seek diabetes team advice to set **Individualized VRII Scale**.
- Calculate the total daily insulin (TDI) in patients already treated with insulin. If TDI >100units/day, start directly on the **Increased VRII Scale**; if TDI <40units/day start on **Reduced VRII Scale**.
- Once target CBG range (6.0-12.0mmol/L) achieved, reassess the need for continuation of VRII every 24 hours.

VARIABLE RATE INSULIN INFUSION (VRII) PRESCRIPTION

DATE	INSULIN	DOSE	FLUID	VOLUME	ROUTE	STARTING SCALE <i>(tick the relevant box)</i>	PRESCRIBER SIGNATURE	PHARMACY
	Actrapid	50 units	0.9% Sodium chloride	Make up to 50 mL	IV	Standard <input type="checkbox"/> Increased <input type="checkbox"/> Reduced <input type="checkbox"/> Individualized <input type="checkbox"/>	bleep No: _____	

DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHECKED BY	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHECKED BY	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHECKED BY

Table: Insulin Infusion Rates for VRII (ml/hour)
Start the **Standard VRII Scale** for most patients unless otherwise indicated

Blood glucose (mmol/L)	Reduced VRII Scale TDI < 40units/day (insulin sensitive)	Standard VRII Scale TDI= 40 -100units/day (Standard scale)	Increased VRII Scale TDI >100units/day (Insulin resistant)	Individualized VRII Scale (Contact diabetes team)	Individualized VRII Scale (Contact diabetes team)
≤4.0	0 (Call doctor)	0 (Call doctor)	0 (Call doctor)		
4.1 – 6.0	0.25	1	2		
6.1 – 12.0	0.5	2	3		
12.1 – 14.0	1	3	4		
14.1 – 17.0	3	4	5		
17.1 – 20.0	4	5	6		
>20.0	5	6	7		

VARIABLE RATE INSULIN ADMINISTRATION AND MONITORING RECORD

PATIENT'S NAME.....

HEALTH RECORD NUMBER.....

POTASSIUM REPLACEMENT (KCI)	
OVER 5.5mmol/L	NIL
3.5mmol/L to 5.5mmol/L	20mmol/L
BELOW 3.5mmol/L	40mmol/L (see opposite box)

POTASSIUM REPLACEMENT REGIME
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If potassium <3.5mmol/L on admission bloods, WITHHOLD insulin and replace potassium: give 1L 0.9% Sodium chloride containing 40 mmol/L potassium over 2hr via a peripheral line (with cardiac monitoring). • Maintain potassium between 4.0 & 5.5 mmol/L. • Monitor potassium daily in patients on VRIL and more frequently if there is renal impairment

INTRAVENOUS FLUIDS REGIME WITH VRIL
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A standard intravenous fluid infusion regime for patients on VRIL is prescribed below • Administer 0.9% Sodium chloride if capillary glucose >14.0 mmol/L • Administer 5% Dextrose if capillary glucose ≤14.0 mmol/L • Administer 10% Dextrose at a slower rate (42 mls/hr) if high risk of fluid overload and glucose ≤14.0 mmol/L: advanced renal impairment (eGFR <15) or end stage renal failure on dialysis, heart failure, pregnancy, elderly

INTRAVENOUS NORMAL SALINE REGIME								
Commence if capillary glucose >14.0 mmol/L								
DATE	FLUID	POTASSIUM CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	RATE (mL/hr) CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHKD BY
	0.9% Sodium chloride 1 litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	0.9% Sodium chloride 1 litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	0.9% Sodium chloride 1 litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	0.9% Sodium chloride 1 litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						

INTRAVENOUS 5% DEXTROSE REGIME								
Commence if capillary glucose ≤14.0 mmol/L								
DATE	FLUID	POTASSIUM CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	RATE (mL/hr) CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHKD BY
	5% Dextrose 1 Litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	5% Dextrose 1 Litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	5% Dextrose 1 Litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	5% Dextrose 1 Litre	Nil / 20mmol / 40mmol	125 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						

INTRAVENOUS 10% DEXTROSE REGIME								
Commence at a slower rate (below 42 mL/hr) if capillary glucose ≤14.0 mmol/L in patients with high risk of fluid overload:								
• Advanced renal impairment (eGFR < 15), end stage renal failure on dialysis • Heart failure • Pregnancy								
DATE	FLUID	POTASSIUM CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	RATE (mL/hr) CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE	DATE	TIME GIVEN	GIVEN BY	CHKD BY
	10% Dextrose 500 mL	Nil / 20mmol	42 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	10% Dextrose 500 mL	Nil / 20mmol	42 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						
	10% Dextrose 500 mL	Nil / 20mmol	42 / other.....	bleep No.				
Batch No.	Device No.	*Prescriber to initial if continuous →						

PATIENT'S NAME..... HEALTH RECORD NUMBER.....

GENERAL VRII GUIDANCE AND SUBCUTANEOUS INSULIN ADMINISTRATION

- **KEY MESSAGE:** Long acting (basal) insulin should be continued while on VRII but rapid acting and premixed insulin has to be withheld
- If patient takes **long acting (basal) insulin**, **ALWAYS** continue at usual dose & time [isophane (Insulatard®, Humulin I®, Insuman Basal®), glargine (Lantus®, Toujeo®, Abasaglar®), detemir (Levemir®) or degludec (Tresiba®, Xultophy®)]
- A large bore peripheral cannula which is visible is needed for the VRII (do not cannulate the foot). If venous access is inadequate, liaise with the anaesthetic team regarding central venous cannulation. Separate infusions of fluids and insulin should run to a single venous cannula
- When **SWITCHING** to subcutaneous insulin from insulin infusion, wait till meal time and ensure patient will be able to eat and drink; there **MUST** be a 30 minute overlap between giving the injection of fast acting insulin or premixed insulin and stopping insulin infusion
- For **INSULIN NAÏVE PATIENTS** (if basal insulin is needed when VRII taken down) administer Lantus® - dose calculated by multiplying patient's weight (in kg) by 0.25 units example: 60kg person would require approximately 60 x 0.25 units or 15 units of Lantus daily

ENTER DOSE AGAINST TIME REQUIRED WRITE THE INSULIN DOSE WITHOUT THE WORD 'UNITS'				MONTH:			YEAR:		
				DATE:					
DATE →			INSULIN (FULL BRAND NAME)	STRENGTH Units/ mL	DEVICE AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE BLEEP	PHARMACY SUPPLY		
ROUTE →	S/C	S/C							
INITIALS →									
SPECIFY TIME IF REQUIRED ↓	bleep	bleep							
	Units	Units							
Breakfast	Units	Units							
Lunch	Units	Units							
Supper	Units	Units							
Bedtime	Units	Units							
	Units	Units							
ENTER DOSE AGAINST TIME REQUIRED WRITE THE INSULIN DOSE WITHOUT THE WORD 'UNITS'				MONTH:			YEAR:		
				DATE:					
DATE →			INSULIN (FULL BRAND NAME)	STRENGTH Units/ mL	DEVICE AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE BLEEP	PHARMACY SUPPLY		
ROUTE →	S/C	S/C							
INITIALS →									
SPECIFY TIME IF REQUIRED ↓	bleep	bleep							
	Units	Units							
Breakfast	Units	Units							
Lunch	Units	Units							
Supper	Units	Units							
Bedtime	Units	Units							
	Units	Units							
ENTER DOSE AGAINST TIME REQUIRED WRITE THE INSULIN DOSE WITHOUT THE WORD 'UNITS'				MONTH:			YEAR:		
				DATE:					
DATE →			INSULIN (FULL BRAND NAME)	STRENGTH Units/ mL	DEVICE AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	PRESCRIBER'S SIGNATURE BLEEP	PHARMACY SUPPLY		
ROUTE →	S/C	S/C							
INITIALS →									
SPECIFY TIME IF REQUIRED ↓	bleep	bleep							
	Units	Units							
Breakfast	Units	Units							
Lunch	Units	Units							

Supper		Units	Units							
Bedtime		Units	Units							
		Units	Units							

HYPOGLYCAEMIA PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT (while on VRII)

- Ideally no patient on VRII should become hypoglycaemic as maintenance fluids are switched from normal saline to 5% dextrose infusion alongside VRII as soon as the capillary blood glucose (CBG) level is ≤ 14.0 mmol/L and insulin infusion rate is down-titrated as per CBG level to achieve target range of 6-12 mmol/L.
- If CBG < 6 mmol/L for two consecutive hours, move to the [Reduced VRII Scale](#) for insulin sensitive patients (Table on page 1).
- If CBG < 6 mmol/L despite the [Reduced VRII Scale](#) for insulin sensitive patients, recheck venflon patency, exclude pump malfunction and switch 5% dextrose to 10% dextrose at a rate appropriate for the fluid status. Send venous glucose to lab for check and consider setting [Individualized VRII Scale](#) as per diabetes team advice. **Reassess the need for continuation of VRII.**
- If CBG falls below 4.0 mmol/L, stop VRII, continue dextrose infusion and treat hypoglycaemia according to the protocol below. If patient is 'Nil By Mouth' or CBG ≤ 3.0 mmol/L or symptoms of severe hypoglycaemia (drowsiness, unconsciousness, seizures or aggressive behavior) treat as per severe hypoglycaemia with 20% intravenous dextrose. Check capillary glucose every 15 minutes due to risk of rebound hyperglycaemia. *Restart VRII when blood glucose >10mmol/L on the [Reduced VRII Scale](#) or seek diabetes team advice to reset an [Individualized VRII Scale](#).*
- After any hypoglycaemic episode on VRII, once treated, re-assess the indication for continuation of VRII. If any doubt, contact the diabetes team.
- All patients with severe hypoglycaemia or CBG ≤ 3 mmol/L while on VRII **must** be referred to diabetes team.

TREATMENT OF HYPOGLYCAEMIA – BLOOD GLUCOSE ≤ 4.0 MMOL/L

Wherever possible, check blood glucose level prior to treatment. If patient asymptomatic, repeat test.

MILD	MODERATE	SEVERE
Patient conscious. Trembling, sweating, hungry, tingling, headache, anxiety, palpitations, nausea, forgetfulness.	Patient conscious but in need of assistance. Difficulty concentrating, confusion, weakness, giddiness, drowsiness, unsteady, headache, dizziness, difficulty focusing	<i>...or <u>any</u> patient who is 'Nil By Mouth'</i> Patient unconscious and unable to swallow. Unconscious, fitting
STEP 1		
STOP INSULIN INFUSION Continue the dextrose infusion Give 10g – 20g fast acting glucose: 3-5 x GlucoTabs (4g glucose per tablet) or 1 x 60mL bottle of GlucoJuice (15g glucose per bottle)	STOP INSULIN INFUSION Continue the dextrose infusion Give 1-2 tubes of GlucoGel (10g glucose per tube) Ensure gag reflex is present	STOP INSULIN INFUSION Continue the dextrose infusion CALL FOR EMERGENCY HELP Check ABC Place patient in recovery position Infuse 100mls of 20% glucose over 15 minutes*
STEP 2		
Wait 15 minutes and recheck and record capillary blood glucose level If reading ≤ 4.0 mmol/L or if no physical improvement, repeat STEP 1 Repeat step 1 up to a maximum of 3 times If capillary glucose ≤ 4.0 mmol/L after 3 times or if clinically deteriorating despite treatments, treat as <u>SEVERE</u> hypoglycaemia		Once patient is conscious, if not ' <i>Nil By Mouth</i> ' give sips of GlucoJuice • Recheck glucose level every 15 minutes to ensure increase >4.0 mmol/L • If glucose ≤ 4.0 mmol/L, repeat x1 infusion of 100mls of 20% glucose over 15 mins
FOLLOW-UP		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Document hypoglycaemia in the patient's notes (using hypo sticker). 2. Insulin should never be omitted <u>following</u> an episode of hypoglycaemia. Treat episode as above and restart VRII when blood glucose >10 mmol/L at 1unit/hr on the Reduced VRII Scale 3. Discuss with diabetes team if any doubts. 4. If not '<i>Nil By Mouth</i>': FOLLOW UP WITH STARCHY (LONG ACTING) CARBOHYDRATE ONCE capillary glucose >4.0 mmol/L If on enteral feed: Give bolus down tube of ½ carton Fortisip or enteral feed bolus as per the feed regimen. Always refer patients to the diabetes team, post treatment, if they have had a hypoglycaemic event resulting in unconsciousness. 		

* Administer intravenous 20% Glucose via a secure cannula into a large vein using infusion pump.



Swansea Bay University Health Board

Authorisation Form for Publication onto COIN

PLEASE ENSURE THAT ALL QUESTIONS ARE ANSWERED – IF NOT APPLICABLE PLEASE PUT N/A

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